Space Weather Highlights 18 – 24 December 2006

SEC PRF 1634 26 December 2006

Solar activity was very low. A single B1 X-ray flare occurred on 18 December. No flares occurred during the remainder of the period. The visible disk was spotless throughout the period.

No proton events were observed at geosynchronous orbit.

The greater than 2 MeV electron flux at geosynchronous orbit was at high levels throughout the period.

Geomagnetic field activity was elevated during the period due to a recurrent coronal hole high-speed wind stream. Activity varied from quiet to active levels during most days with minor to severe storm periods observed at high latitudes (severe storm periods occurred on 19 and 22 December). ACE data indicated the high-speed stream commenced on 18 December and continued through the period. Maximum interplanetary magnetic field (IMF) variations associated with the high-speed stream occurred during 18 December with a peak total IMF intensity of 12 nT and a minimum southward IMF Bz of -8 nT. A peak velocity of 757 km/sec was observed on 20 December.

Space Weather Outlook 27 December 2006 – 22 January 2007

Solar activity is expected to be at very low levels until old Region 930 (S05, L=010, class/area Dki/680 on 12 December) returns to the visible disk on 31 December. Moderate level activity is possible until 14 January when old Region 930 departs the visible disk. Very low activity is expected during 15 – 22 January.

A proton event at geosynchronous orbit is possible during 31 December to 14 January with the return of old Region 930. No proton events are expected during the rest of the period.

The greater than 2 MeV electron flux at geosynchronous orbit is expected to be at high levels during 27 - 28 December and 03 - 22 January.

Field activity is expected to be at unsettled to active levels on 27 December due to a recurrent solar sector boundary crossing. Recurrent coronal hole high-speed streams are forecast to disturb the field during 02 - 04, 07 - 09, and 16 - 19 January with active conditions expected. Minor to major storm conditions are also possible during 02 - 04 January. Quiet to unsettled conditions are expected for the remainder of the period.



Daily Solar Data

				Dully 50	<i> </i>	au						
	Radio	Sun	Sunspot	X-ray	_			Flares				
	Flux	spot	Area	Background	X	-ray F	lux		Op	otical		
Date	10.7 cm	No.	(10 ⁻⁶ hemi.))	С	M	X	S	1	2	3	4
18 December	r 75	0	0	A3.9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19 December	r 73	0	0	<a1.0< td=""><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></a1.0<>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20 December	r 72	0	0	<a1.0< td=""><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></a1.0<>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21 December	r 72	0	0	<a1.0< td=""><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></a1.0<>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
22 December	r 73	0	0	<a1.0< td=""><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></a1.0<>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23 December	r 73	0	0	<a1.0< td=""><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></a1.0<>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
24 December	r 74	0	0	<a1.0< td=""><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></a1.0<>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Daily Particle Data

		oton Fluence ons/cm ² -day-si	:)	Electron Fluence (electrons/cm²-day-sr)				
Date	>1 MeV	>10 MeV	>100 MeV	>.6 MeV	>2MeV >4 MeV			
18 December	1.8E+7	2.3E+4	2.6E+3		1.1E+9			
19 December	1.3E+7	2.2E+4	2.9E+3		2.7E+8			
20 December	1.1E+7	1.8E+4	3.8E + 3		3.8E+8			
21 December	1.1E+7	1.6E+4	3.9E + 3		4.5E+8			
22 December	1.1E+7	1.7E+4	4.4E+3		5.8E+8			
23 December	5.9E+6	1.6E+4	4.4E+3		5.3E+8			
24 December	3.7E+6	1.7E+4	4.7E+3		5.1E+8			

Daily Geomagnetic Data

		L	лину С	reomugnem Dam		
	M	liddle Latitude		High Latitude	I	<u>Estimated</u>
	F	Fredericksburg		College]	Planetary
Date	A K-indices		A	K-indices	A	K-indices
10 December	7	12112222	0	10142212	0	12121224
18 December	/	1-2-1-1-2-2-3	8	1-0-1-4-3-2-1-2	8	1-2-1-2-1-2-4
19 December	9	2-3-2-3-3-2-1-1	33	2-3-3-7-5-4-2-2	14	3-4-2-4-3-1-2-2
20 December	16	4-3-2-2-3-3-4-3	45	4-3-3-6-6-5-5-5	24	4-4-3-2-4-3-5-4
21 December	9	4-2-3-2-2-1-1	29	3-2-6-5-5-3-3-2	14	4-3-4-3-3-2-2-1
22 December	10	3-2-2-3-2-2-3	55	2-5-7-7-5-4-3-3	14	3-3-4-4-3-2-2-3
23 December	10	2-2-3-2-3-3-2-2	29	3-1-4-5-6-4-4-2	15	2-2-3-2-3-4-4-2
24 December	7	2-2-2-2-2-2	14	2-1-4-2-4-3-3-2	10	3-2-3-1-2-3-2-2

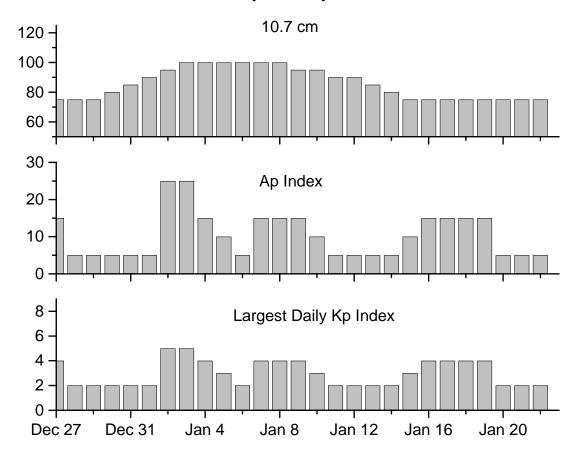


Alerts and Warnings Issued

Date & Time of Issue	Type of Alert or Warning	Date & Time of Event UTC
18 Dec 0504	ALERT: Electron 2MeV Integral Flux >1000pfu	18 Dec 0500
18 Dec 1655	SUMMARY: Geomagnetic Sudden Impulse	18 Dec 1648
19 Dec 0517	ALERT: Electron 2MeV Integral Flux >1000pfu	19 Dec 0515
19 Dec 0942	WARNING: Geomagnetic K=4	19 Dec 0945 - 1600
19 Dec 1016	ALERT: Geomagnetic K=4	19 Dec 1015
19 Dec 1030	WARNING: Geomagnetic K=5	19 Dec 1030 - 1600
20 Dec 0037	WARNING: Geomagnetic K=4	20 Dec 0040 - 2359
20 Dec 0048	ALERT: Geomagnetic K=4	20 Dec 0046
20 Dec 0104	WARNING: Geomagnetic K=5	20 Dec 0105 - 21/1600
20 Dec 0501	ALERT: Electron 2MeV Integral Flux >1000pfu	20 Dec 0500
21 Dec 0501	ALERT: Electron 2MeV Integral Flux >1000pfu	21 Dec 0500
21 Dec 1555	WARNING: Geomagnetic K=4	21 Dec 1559 - 2359
21 Dec 2355	EXTENDED WARNING: Geomagnetic K=4	21 Dec 1559 - 22/1600
22 Dec 0533	ALERT: Electron 2MeV Integral Flux >1000pfu	22 Dec 0500
22 Dec 1555	EXTENDED WARNING: Geomagnetic K=4	21 Dec 1559 - 22/2359
22 Dec 2358	EXTENDED WARNING: Geomagnetic K=4	21 Dec 1559 - 23/1600
23 Dec 0505	ALERT: Electron 2MeV Integral Flux >1000pfu	23 Dec 0500
23 Dec 1712	WARNING: Geomagnetic K=4	23 Dec 1712 – 2359
23 Dec 1723	ALERT: Geomagnetic K=4	23 Dec 1722
23 Dec 2334	EXTENDED WARNING: Geomagnetic K=4	23 Dec 1712 - 24/1600
24 Dec 0502	ALERT: Electron 2MeV Integral Flux >1000pfu	24 Dec 0500
24 Dec 1555	EXTENDED WARNING: Geomagnetic K=4	23 Dec 1712 - 24/2359
24 Dec 2353	EXTENDED WARNING: Geomagnetic K=4	23 Dec 1712 - 25/1600



Twenty-seven Day Outlook



	Radio Flux	Planetary	Largest		Radio Flux	Planetary	Largest
Date	10.7 cm	A Index	Kp Index	Date	10.7 cm	A Index	Kp Index
27 Dec	75	15	4	10 Jan	95	10	3
28	75	5	2	11	90	5	2
29	75	5	2	12	90	5	2
30	80	5	2	13	85	5	2
31	85	5	2	14	80	5	2
01 Jan	90	5	2	15	75	10	3
02	95	25	5	16	75	15	4
03	100	25	5	17	75	15	4
04	100	15	4	18	75	15	4
05	100	10	3	19	75	15	4
06	100	5	2	20	75	5	2
07	100	15	4	21	75	5	2
08	100	15	4	22	75	5	2
09	95	15	4				



T7	T7 4
HUOVOOTIC	HWONTC
Energetic	Liveius

		•	<u> </u>	10 21 01115				
_	Time	X-ray	Opt	ical Information	1	Peak	Sweep Freq	
Date	1/2	Integ	Imp/	Location	Rgn	Radio Flux	Intensity	
	Regin May Ma	v Clace Flux	Brtne	Lat CMD	#	245 2695	II IV	

No Events Observed

Flare L	ist
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	TC.		1	T	T	D
			2	1		Rgn
Begin	Max	End	Class.	Brtns	Lat CMD	
1026	1032	1037	B1.4			930
No Fla	res Obser	ved				
No Fla	res Obser	ved				
No Fla	res Obser	ved				
No Fla	res Obser	ved				
No Fla	res Obser	ved				
No Fla	res Obser	ved				
	No Flat No Flat No Flat No Flat	1026 1032 No Flares Obser No Flares Obser No Flares Obser No Flares Obser No Flares Obser	Begin Max End	Begin Max End Class. 1026 1032 1037 B1.4 No Flares Observed No Flares Observed	Time X-ray Imp/ Begin Max End Class. Brtns 1026 1032 1037 B1.4 No Flares Observed	Time X-ray Imp / Location Begin Max End Class. Brtns Lat CMD 1026 1032 1037 B1.4 No Flares Observed

Region Summary

	Location	Location Sunspot C					
				Flares			
	Helio	Area	Extent	Spot	Spot	Mag	X-ray Optical
Date	(°Lat°CMD) Lon	(10 ⁻⁶ hemi)	(helio)	Class	Count	Class	C M X S 1 2 3 4

No active regions.

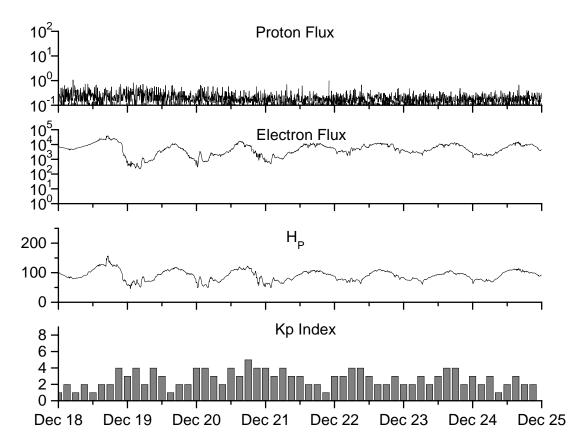


Recent Solar Indices (preliminary) of the observed monthly mean values

					noniniy	mean values	T-1		.•	
	01 -	_	ot Numbe				Flux	Geomagnetic		
	Observed			Smooth		*Penticton	Smooth			
Month	SEC	RI	RI/SEC	SEC	RI	10.7 cm	Value	Ap	Value	
				,	2004					
December	34.7	17.9	0.52	58.8	35.3	94.6	101.3	11	14.8	
December	51.7	17.5	0.52			71.0	101.5	11	11.0	
				•	2005					
	72 0	21.2	0.60	55 0	245	100.4	100.0	22	4.5	
January	52.0	31.3	0.60	57.3	34.7	102.4	100.3	22	14.7	
February	45.4	29.1	0.64	56.4	34.0	97.3	98.5	11	14.6	
March	41.0	24.8	0.60	55.8	33.6	90.0	97.2	12	15.3	
A pril	41.5	24.4	0.59	52.6	31.7	85.9	95.5	12	15.7	
April Mov	41.5 65.4	42.6	0.59	52.6 48.3	29.0	83.9 99.5	93.3	20	13.7	
May						99.3 93.7				
June	59.8	39.6	0.66	47.9	28.9	93.7	91.9	13	13.9	
July	71.0	39.9	0.56	48.1	29.2	96.6	90.9	16	13.1	
August	65.6	36.4	0.55	45.4	27.5	90.7	89.3	16	12.2	
September		22.1	0.56	42.9	25.9	90.8	87.8	21	11.8	
September	37.2	22.1	0.50	72.7	23.7	70.0	07.0	21	11.0	
October	13.0	8.5	0.65	42.6	25.5	76.7	87.4	7	11.6	
November		18.0	0.56	42.1	24.9	86.3	86.7	8	11.1	
December		41.2	0.66	40.1	23.0	90.8	85.4	7	10.4	
				•	2006					
January	28.0	15.4	0.55	37.2	20.8	83.8	84.0	6	9.9	
February	5.3	4.7	0.89	33.4	18.7	76.6	82.6	6	9.2	
March	21.3	10.8	0.51	31.0	17.4	75.5	81.6	8	8.4	
11101011	21.0	10.0	0.01	21.0	17	70.0	01.0	Ü	0	
April	55.2	30.2	0.55	30.6	17.1	89.0	80.9	11	7.9	
May	39.6	22.2	0.56	30.7	17.3	81.0	80.8	8	7.9	
June	37.7	13.9	0.37			80.1		8		
· ·	•		•			2		-		
July	22.6	12.2	0.54			75.8		7		
August	22.8	12.9	0.57			79.0		9		
September	r 25.2	14.5	0.58			77.8		8		
October	15.7	10.4	0.66			74.3		7		
November	31.5	21.5	0.68			86.4		8		

NOTE: All smoothed values after September 2002 and monthly values after March 2003 are preliminary estimates. The lowest smoothed sunspot index number for Cycle 22, RI = 8.0, occurred in May 1996. The highest smoothed sunspot number for Cycle 23, RI= 120.8, occurred April 2000. *After June 1991, the 10.7 cm radio flux data source is Penticton, B.C. Canada. Prior to that, it was Ottawa.





Weekly Geosynchronous Satellite Environment Summary Week Beginning 18 December 2006

Protons plot contains the five-minute averaged integral proton flux (protons/cm²-sec -sr) as measured by GOES-11 (W135) for each of three energy thresholds: greater than 10, 50, and 100 MeV.

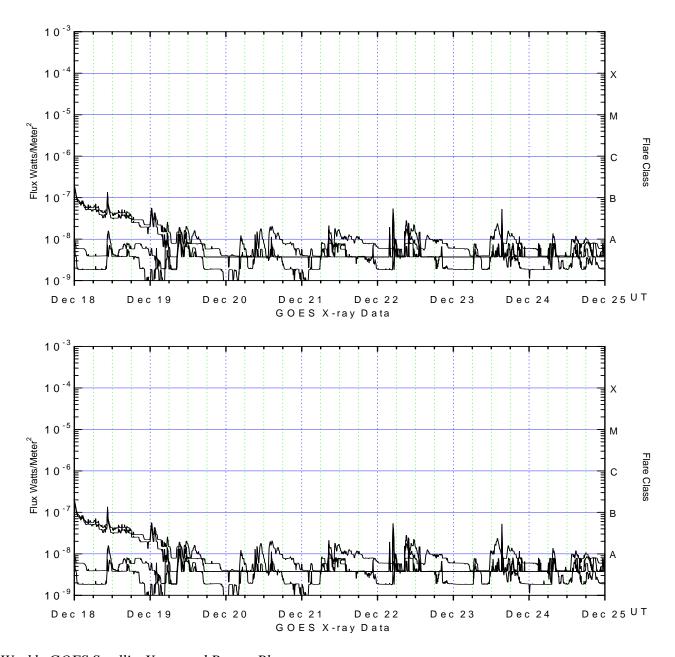
Electrons plot contains the five-minute averaged integral electron flux (electrons/cm² –sec –sr) with energies greater than 2 MeV at GOES-12 (W075).

Hp plot contains the five minute averaged magnetic field H - component in nanoteslas (nT) as measured by GOES-12. The H component is parallel to the spin axis of the satellite, which is nearly parallel to the Earth's rotation axis.

Kp plot contains the estimated planetary 3-hour K-index (derived by the Air Force Weather Agency) in real time from magnetometers at Meanook, Canada; Sitka, AK; Glenlea, Canada; St. Johns, Canada; Ottawa, Canada; Newport, WA; Fredericksburg, VA; Boulder, CO; Fresno, CA and Hartland, UK. These data are made available through cooperation from the Geological Survey of Canada (GSC), British Geological Survey (BGS) and the US Geological Survey. These may differ from the final Kp values derived from a more extensive network of magnetometers.

The data included here are those now available in real time at the SEC and are incomplete in that they do not include the full set of parameters and energy ranges known to cause satellite operating anomalies. The proton and electron fluxes and Kp are "global" parameters that are applicable to a first order approximation over large areas. H parallel is subject to more localized phenomena and the measurements generally are applicable to within a few degrees of longitude of the measuring satellite.





Weekly GOES Satellite X-ray and Proton Plots

X-ray plot contains five-minute averaged x-ray flux (watts/ m^2) as measured by GOES 12 (W075) and GOES 11 (W135) in two wavelength bands, .05 - . 4 and .1 - .8 nm. The letters A, B, C, M and X refer to x-ray event levels for the .1 - .8 nm band.

Proton plot contains the five-minute averaged integral proton flux (protons/cm² –sec-sr) as measured by GOES-11 (W135) for each of the energy thresholds: >1, >10, >30 and >100 MeV. P10 event threshold is 10 pfu (protons/cm²-sec-sr) at greater than 10 MeV.

